

Psychosocial factors and safety in high-risk industries: a systematic literature review.

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<https://psnet.ahrq.gov/issue/psychosocial-factors-and-safety-high-risk-industries-systematic-literature-review>

Work-related [psychosocial](#) factors may increase or decrease the risk of accidents in high-risk industries (e.g., nuclear, mining, healthcare). Using the Job Demands-Resources (JD-R) framework as a starting point, associations between job demands and resources, and between safety behaviors and outcomes were evaluated. Most studies report on the link between psychosocial factors and safety behavior (e.g., job [stress](#) or exhaustion can precede negative safety behavior).