

Sustained decrease in latent safety threats through regular interprofessional in situ simulation training of neonatal emergencies.

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<https://psnet.ahrq.gov/issue/sustained-decrease-latent-safety-threats-through-regular-interprofessional-situ-simulation>

In situ [simulation training](#) can identify [latent safety threats](#) (LSTs) before they cause [patient harm](#).

Researchers in this study conducted 13 one-day in situ simulation trainings of neonatal emergencies at one Austrian hospital over an eight-year period and identified 67 LSTs. The most common categories of LSTs involved equipment (63%), resources (21%), and medications (16%).