

Crying wolf, alarm safety and management in paediatrics: a scoping review.

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Hospitalized patients are routinely monitored by multiple electronic devices that alert clinical staff when readings exceed a specified range. Given the large number of devices, one patient may generate [dozens](#) of alerts per day, which contributes to alert fatigue. This review highlights alert fatigue in [pediatric](#) and neonatal hospital wards along with successful [interventions](#) to reduce alerts. Most alarms were associated with physiological monitoring. Only half of the studies included an intervention, the majority of which focused on changes to alarm parameters.